Correction

GJ Churchyard, R Ehrlich, J M teWaterNaude, *et al.* Silicosis prevalence and exposure-response relations in South African goldminers. *Occup Environ Med* 2004;61:811–6.

Figure 1 in this paper overstated the silicosis prevalence in the last three strata of the bar graph owing to errors in the denominators used. Table 1 below contains the correct prevalences which replace those derivable from the published Figure 1. The interpretation of study findings remains unchanged.

Table 1 Prevalence of silicosis by length of service

Number of years worked	n	Silicosis	Corrected prevalence (%)	Published prevalence derivable from Figure 1 (%) [1]
0–15.0	59	1	1.69	1.69
15.1–20.0	120	13	10.83	10.83
20.1–25.0	195	42	21.53	27.45
25.1–30.0	105	27	25.71	34.61
30.0+	31	10	32.25	47.61

Boundary values rounded off. Score test for trend of odds: $p=0.0000$.

Correspondingly, the text on page 3 of the original publication needs to be amended as follows: “Silicosis prevalence increased significantly with increasing length of service, from 1.69% (1/59) among miners with 15 years of service or less to 32.2% (10/31) among workers with over 30 years of service ($p<0.001$).”

CrossMark

Occup Environ Med 2015;**72**:78. doi:10.1136/oem.2003.010967corr1